

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

VOLUME XXXVII—NUMBER 18

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1931

Four Cents Per Copy—\$2.00 Per Year

MAINE POTATO PROSPECTS REDUCED SEVEN PER CENT

Maine August 1 conditions indicate a 7% reduction in the 1931 potato prospects but some improvement in feed and fruit crops over those recorded a month ago, according to a joint report released by the Maine and United States Departments of Agriculture.

The Maine potato crop is now forecast at 48,720,000 bushels as compared with 51,765,000 bushels indicated a month ago, 46,000,000 bushels harvested last year and 50,120,000 bushels the 1929 crop. Frequent heavy rains and high temperatures during July have been favorable to the development of late blight in southern Aroostook county, while hail storms occurring in scattered sections have done considerable damage also. Much depends upon weather conditions during August as to whether the blight infestation becomes widespread. For New England as a whole, the expected production as of August 1 totaled 55,920,000 bushels as compared with 58,980,000 bushels expected a month ago, and 55,005,000 bushels harvested in 1930. Outside of Maine, there were only slight changes in the crop prospects indicated a month ago.

The total apple crop in Maine is now forecast at 2,184,000 bushels or about 28% below the large crop harvested last year. It is expected that about 450,000 barrels will enter commercial channels this year as compared with 623,000 barrels the commercial crop of 1930 and 505,000 barrels the five year average. August 1 conditions indicate production of all the important varieties except Wealthy and McIntosh lower than a year ago. The McIntosh crop is now expected to be 11% greater than that of last year, while the Baldwin crop will be about 67% smaller. New England commercial apples are expected to total 1,496,000 barrels as compared with 2,470,000 barrels produced last year, and 1,844,000 barrels the five year average. Other fruit crops of Maine are indicated to be average or better. The condition of blueberries on August 1 was reported at 84% as compared with 83% a year ago.

Most Maine feed crops are in good condition and indicate production totals approximating the average. The quality of the hay crop has suffered considerable damage from frequent rains although yields have turned out well; a total of 1,247,000 tons is forecast this year as compared with 1,245,000 tons harvested a year ago. The production of oats is forecast at 4,880,000 bushels this year as compared with 5,002,000 harvested last year, and 4,682,000 bushels the five year average. The corn crop is expected to be better than average. Maine pastures are rated at 91% as compared with 87% a year ago.

DRINKWATER'S FAMOUS COMEDY AT LAKEWOOD THEATRE NEXT WEEK

"Bird in Hand," John Drinkwater's famous comedy, which ran in New York for two years and in London for an equal length of time, will be given at Lakewood for the first time when it is presented by the Lakewood Players next week, starting Monday night. The production of this delightful and humorous play will introduce to Lakewood audiences as an actor Clifford Brooke, who will play the amusing role of Mr. Blanquet, "the man who travels in sailboats."

Its unusual title is gained from an inn called "Bird in Hand" in provincial England. Here assemble one night an ill-assorted trio of guests including a baronet's son who has a thick Oxford accent, an elderly and crusty K. C., and Mr. Blanquet, the innkeeper and his wife are much distressed over their daughter's conduct. She is being wooed by the baronet's son and the father is bitterly opposed to it, fearing that the difference in their stations in life will cause no good to come of the romance. The young man when they fail to return at the usual hour the father is wild with rage. The mother, who is a retired circus rider, endeavors to calm him but without success. When the girl returns the father attempts to beat her and she takes refuge in one of the bedrooms. "The Three Musketeers" as the guests call themselves try to solve the problem for the family but nothing is gained until the baronet's father arrives the following morning and things finally are straightened out to everyone's satisfaction.

Deane Cunningham was in West Bethel with a new Curtis Robin monoplane and carried passengers Sunday. Twenty were present at the annual reunion of the '88-89 classes of Gould Academy which was held at Harry Jordan's camp, Songo Pond on Wednesday afternoon, August 5.

GOOD CROWD AT JOINT FIELD DAY LAST WEEK

Many farmers and housewives attended the joint field day of the Oxford County Farm Bureau and Oxford Pomona Grange held at South Paris on August 5. There is always a crowd at these field days and this year it seemed as if there were more than ever before. They came from all directions and came early and there were hundreds on hand when the time came for opening the program.

Two large airplanes took to the air promptly at 9:30 starting the program off and continued to take up passengers during the day. The rolling pin contest was won by Mrs. Anna Duxley of South Paris. Each contestant was furnished with three rolling pins which she threw at a dummy some yards distant. Rope pulling was another sport of the day. Two picked teams of ten men each pulled for one minute. The team led by Lon Wright on North Newry won over the team of Guy Bartlett of East Bethel. Howard Shaw's South Paris Band provided music during the time devoted to sports.

At 11 o'clock all men were directed to the woodlot improvement area. County Agent Donald H. Ridley explained the need of thinning and the manner in which the demonstration was laid out. He then introduced W. B. Deering of Hollis, York County Forestry Project leader, who gave a good talk. Mr. Deering has a mill of his own, and has done a great deal in the line of Forest Woodlot Improvement on his own land. Mrs. Rena C. Bowles gave an excellent talk during the forenoon on the subject of child training.

As a part of the afternoon program there was singing, led by Rev. W. L. Bull of North Waterford. Lon Wright, Master of Oxford Pomona, presided at the afternoon program. The visitors were welcomed by Ernest Talbot, and V. W. Canham of the Lewiston Sun gave an interesting talk. A 4-H Club demonstration was given by Helen Grouse and Mabel Hersey of North Waterford on preparing supper.

The principal address of the afternoon was given by Bradford Redonot of Wisconsin on the home, closing with Edgar Guest's poem on that theme.

There were various exhibits about the farm which were significant. One was a field of alfalfa, with which some of those present were unacquainted. This field was seeded in 1925, and the first crop, in 1931, was 3.3 tons per acre.

POULTRY SCHOOL AT ORONO OPENING NEXT TUESDAY

Maine's first poultry school will be held at the College of Agriculture, Orono next week on Tuesday, August 18, and Wednesday, August 19. This program is sponsored by the Maine Poultry Improvement Association in cooperation with the College of Agriculture. Charles C. Clements, President of the Maine Poultry Improvement Association, was assisted by Professor John R. Smyth of the College of Agriculture and H. L. Richardson, Extension Poultry Specialist, in outlining the program.

A. G. Phillips, formerly head of the poultry department, Purdue University, will speak on "The Poultryman and Business" and "Poultry Raising in the Future." H. A. Bittenbender, former head of the poultry department of Oklahoma and Iowa State Colleges, will speak on "Recent Developments on Incubation" and "Problems of the Hatcheryman."

Dr. F. A. Hays, Research Professor in poultry investigations, Massachusetts State College, will discuss "The High Producing Hen—How She is Made" and "Problems Relating to Improving Vigor and Egg Size." Percy Fitts, President of the New Hampshire Poultry Growers' Association and who operates a large poultry plant near Durham, will speak on the activities of the New Hampshire Poultry Growers' Association. Dr. F. H. Steinmetz, head of the department of Entomology, University of Maine, will discuss "How Characters are Inherited." Dr. W. F. Dove of the Maine Experiment Station will discuss poultry experiments now underway at the Maine Station.

Norris Clements, Winterport, will demonstrate the semi-wild method of dressing poultry. H. L. Richardson, Extension Poultry Specialist, will discuss a breeding program for Maine poultrymen. Dr. L. S. Merrill, Dean of the College of Agriculture, will give the address of welcome on Tuesday morning. Dean L. S. Corbett will act as toastmaster for the banquet to be held Tuesday evening at Bates Hall.

Lodging and meals are provided for visitors at the University dormitories.

BETHEL FAIR TO BE HELD TWO DAYS, SEPTEMBER 4-5

Bethel Fair is to have a two day program this year, on Friday and Saturday, Sept. 4 and 5. Much interest has developed in this project, to a large extent as a result of the races held at the local track on July 30.

One unusual feature already booked is the world's smallest race horses which will be shown on the midway. These horses, Jackie B. and Nellie the Great, stand 32 inches high and weigh 116 and 119 pounds respectively. They have been trained on the race track by their owner, B. L. Pynes of Bangorville, and they make very good time considering that they draw sleds with drivers as heavy as they are.

U. S. SERVICE STARTS FOREST EXPERIMENT

Gale River Experimental Forest, a few miles west of Mount Washington in the White Mountain National Forest, New Hampshire, is the first experimental forest established under a new regulation whereby the Forest Service is to designate primitive, natural, and experimental areas, representative of the various forest regions of the country. The Gale River Forest has an area of about 1,230 acres. Although only now set aside formally for research work, investigations have been under way since July, 1927. The Northeastern Forest Experiment Station of the United States Forest Service, with headquarters at Amherst, Mass., plans to develop this area rapidly, since it is in the spruce-hardwood belt and is located conveniently for a study of the pulpwood forest problems of New England.

An appropriation of \$20,000 was made by Congress to become available July 1 to carry on the study of forest plantings, and studies of growth and yield of northern hardwoods, at the Amherst station.

In Connecticut, New Haven County, heretofore the only county in the state lacking a state forest, now has a forest of 2,000 acres which has been presented by the Whittemore family.

Local News

Mrs. Marie Duhaime has returned to Mrs. L. E. Davis.

Dorothy Sanborn of Portland is visiting at the Hapgood farm.

Miss Mabel Inman is enjoying a vacation at her home in Albion.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Russ of Bryant Pond called on his mother, Mrs. H. H. Russ, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Warren and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Bean spent the week end at Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Conley of Lynn, Mass., spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Syll LeClair.

Mrs. Jennie King of Buckfield is making a short visit with her daughter, Mrs. Lucian Littlehale.

Work has been resumed this week at the N. S. Stowell & Co. spool mill after a three weeks shut down.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Lord of West Paris were recent week end guests of her sister, Mrs. Harry Sawin.

Mr. and Mrs. Ordell Anderson have returned from a trip to Mr. Anderson's home in St. Cloud, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. George McCormick of Holliston, Mass., are spending a few days at Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brown's.

Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Sanborn and family were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kenerson, West Bethel.

Miss Electa Chapin returned home Friday from Farmington where she has been attending the summer term of the Normal School.

Mrs. Parker Connor and son Harold, Mrs. Addie Connor and Mrs. Besno Sloane were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Holt of East Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Millett and two sons of South Paris were Sunday guests of her sister, Mrs. Lucian Littlehale, and family. Linwood Millett remained for a week's visit.

Rev. and Mrs. Harold L. May and two children of St. Cloud, Minn., spent Monday and Tuesday with their aunt, Mrs. Tena Thurston. They came by auto and were on a visit to his people at Lowell, Mass. Mr. May is pastor of the Methodist Church at St. Cloud.

Miss Ethel Hammons of Portland and niece, Miss E. Thos. Hutchinson of Washington, D. C., are guests of friends and relatives in town. Miss Hutchinson is in Maine for the month of August and will go to Baltimore Sept. 1st for a three months' course at John Hopkins University before returning to Washington.

ADULT POULTRY CLUBS PLAN TOUR FRIDAY

The three adult poultry clubs of Hiram, Norway, and Mexico are again planning a tour for the benefit of all county poultry raisers.

The date set for the tour is Friday, August 14. The program is outlined below. Most of the flocks to be visited have from 1,000 to 4,000 birds on range yearly. Two of the flock owners have Plymouth Rocks and the rest Rhode Island Reds. A great variety of equipment will be seen including different types of range shelters, colony houses, brooding equipment, house and range feed hoppers and automatic watering devices.

Two speakers are on the program during the noon hour. H. L. Richardson, Extension Poultry Specialist, will discuss the subject of poultry breeding; Warren Chaborn of Bridgton, an officer of the Maine Poultry Improvement Association, will explain the purpose of the Association and tell what is already being done in the interests of Maine poultrymen. He will also assist in the organizing of an Oxford County unit if the poultrymen are ready to go ahead with it.

All poultrymen will meet at H. A. Goodwin's poultry farm, Norway, promptly at 9:30 A. M. Standard time. Lunches should be brought and in case of rain a raincoat.

PROGRAM OF TOUR

9:30, Harry A. Goodwin, Norway.
10:15, D. W. Goodwin & Son, Norway.
10:30, Graydon Poultry Farm, S. Paris.
12:00, Guy Curtis, Norway. (Dinner)
Speakers: H. L. Richardson and Warren Chaborn.

1:45, Alfred J. Dyer, Norway.
2:30, Donaldson Bros. Harrison.
3:15, Warren Chaborn, Bridgton.

The nursery industry expanded greatly in Connecticut during 1930. According to registration in the office of Dr. W. E. Britton, entomologist of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station, the number of nurseries in the state increased from 266 in 1929 to 302 in 1930, with a total acreage of 3,555 acres.

Asa Sessions and crew of six men are haying on his place this week.

PRINCESS WAH-OO-AH (Grace Helen Swain)

This noted artist has added new laurels to her name and fame by her marvellous Indian impersonations. Inasmuch that she was heralded everywhere in Europe as the Princess Wah-oo-ah, (Little Pipe Tree), a title given to her by "Big Chief White Horse Eagle," in Vienna. She is really of Indian descent from the Wabanaki tribe. Her ancestors came from the coast of Maine, and she has made a life study of the Indian songs and actions, until they have become second nature to her, and her impersonations are genuine and true to life. Her collection of Indian lore and folk songs is amazing and very entertaining. She sings the traditional Indian songs in their native tongue with Indian action. She is a very fine actress, has very wonderful costumes, and accessories, and met with great success all over Europe, especially in Vienna, and Royal Albert Hall, London, where she sang sixteen performances. In the great production of Hiawatha, given in June, 1931. She has just returned to New York, and is summing up in Maine. She has adopted the name of Wah-oo-ah for her professional name, and although she is a specialist in Indian song and dramatic representation, she is not confined to this work, but has a large repertoire of concert numbers, including German lieder, English ballads, Italian arias, and Negro spirituals. So versatile and capable is she, that she will surely make a decided success as an impersonator, in any character she may assume. Her costumes are authentic and very beautiful in every detail that she portrays. She presents a unique and very pleasing picture in these Indian songs, which are by chief hobby. —Portland Press Herald.

SALVATION ARMY WARNS OF MISLEADING SOLICITORS

A letter from Walter B. Perrett, County Organizer of the Salvation Army, warns of the possibility of the Volunteers of America coming in before the Army solicitors, knowing that the Army's campaign is organized. This has been done in some places and this notice is issued to protect the contributor and safeguard the Army against the loss of money intended for it.

ROADS ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

As the individual buys furniture, automobiles, refrigerators, and what not out of income, so can the community buy roads. Modern, scientific developments in surfacing materials have made "roads-on-the-installment-plan" both practical and possible. The method varies with the locality, but the principle remains the same. Roads of local materials, whether gravel, clay or top soil may be asphaltically treated at a very low cost, and the result is a weatherproof, year-round thoroughfare suitable for all but the heaviest of traffic. As traffic flow increases new layers may be placed on the surface, building it up to any necessary thickness.

In this way rural areas can get the roads they need without going deeply into debt; the farmer and the inhabitant of the small town can be given the contact with the outside world that is so vital to his progress and standards of living. The day of the cow-path, impassable during several months of the year, is coming to an end. The model rural community of the future, with quick accessibility to main highways and the facilities of the great cities, will be a far different place from the average community of the present.

If you like the town you live in, say so. If you don't like it keep your eyes open for a town you will like and at the first opportunity move there.

Miss Clara R. Howe of Medford, Ind., Mass., is the guest of her cousin, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Kilborn, at Songo Pond.

Many people will be grieved to learn of the death of Martha Washington Horton which occurred in Los Angeles last Monday.

The Rangely Lakes district will be mapped by the United States Geological Survey service this summer. Aside from the ground work, U. S. Army planes will make an aerial survey of the area.

"BETHEL IN 1875"
An Interesting Article
In This Issue
READ IT!

FARM WOODLOT IMPORTANT TO NEW ENGLAND

The farm woodlot plays a more important part in the agriculture of New England than in that of any other section of the country, according to President E. H. Thompson of the Federal Land Bank of Springfield, Mass. In a recent address he pointed out that the woodlot has several important advantages:

1. It furnishes an income from lands that would otherwise be a liability, due to soil, topography, and rugged conditions common to New England.
 2. It furnishes winter work when men and teams are often unemployed.
 3. It frequently gains in value though the farm be otherwise abandoned.
 4. It constitutes a long-term asset of increasing value and his of great importance to banks making long-term loans on farm mortgages.
- A serious obstacle to greater interest in farm woodlots is the lack of good markets for small lots of timber in many districts. The tendency of many farmers is to plant conifers, whereas hardwoods are bringing better prices generally, and in many cases mature first. Of course a seller of woodlots in some areas is annual taxation.

Maine Industrial Review

Pittsford, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony B. Call opened mortuary establishment at 10 Library Street.

Fryeburg Owl Walker covered bridge on Roosevelt Trail opened to traffic.

Sanford Joseph Bonduaga leased woodworking factory on North Street and installing new machinery.

Fort Fairfield, \$4,655 spent by this town on 21,670 feet of improved road work this summer.

Norway—Lawrence M. Carroll took over Norway Shoe Co.

Southern New England Contractors Supply Co. submitted low bid of \$151,344 for construction of Vernon Island bridge.—Rockland Courier Gazette.

Pittsford—Naugler Bros. received contract for construction of George M. Parks tract and athletic field at Maine Central Institute.

South Windham—Rapid progress being made on new highway bridge at this place. —Times & Herald.

Brunswick—Construction completed on South Main Street drainage system and macadam road surface.

Rosier service started between Portland Gorham and South Windham by Portland Bus Co.

Pittsford—Lionel LaFrance published French weekly newspaper known as "The Bulletin."

Pittsford—Construction progressing on new power plant for Best-Forsythe Co. at this place.

Farmington—Construction under way on new grade school building, located on Quebec Street.

PLAN TO SELL RIDES BY STIMULATING WALKERS

Week end hikes in the forest covered mountains of Vermont will be made possible for New Yorkers who enjoy the woods, but have no ordinary time or money to visit them, through the cooperation of the New Haven and the Central Vermont railroads and the Chamber of Commerce of Waterbury, Vt.

Mailing pieces bearing pictures of Vermont and describing the Long Trail, blazed by the Green Mountain Club from the Massachusetts State Line to Jay Peak in Canada, which according to Walter Fitchard Eaton is "the longest continuous footpath in the United States," will be sent to 2,000 members of the Appalachian Mountain Club by the Waterbury Chamber of Commerce which will provide guides if necessary. Arrangements are made for hikers to leave New York on the "Montrealer" Friday evening, returning on the "Washingtonian" Sunday night.

The development of these week end trips, like the development of winter sports trails of the Boston and Maine, illustrates the way in which New England railroads are developing "new products" and cultivating new markets.

ODEON HALL, Bethel
FRIDAY, AUGUST 14
"TRIGGER TRICKS"
PRIZES FOR LADIES
SATURDAY, AUGUST 15
Jack Buchanan and
Jeanette MacDonald in
"MONTE CARLO"
20c and 35c
NEXT WEEK
"DIRTIBLE" Super-Special

BUSINESS CARDS

HOWARD E. TYLER, D. C.
Palmer Graduate
Office Hours—9 A. M. to 12 M.; 2 P. M. to 5 P. M. Evenings by appointment
Bethel
Monday afternoon Tel. 228-3
Thurs. eve. NORWAY

S. GREENEAF
FURNITURE DIRECTOR & MORTICIAN
AUTO HEARSE
AMBULANCE FOR MOVING THE SICK
Day and Night Service
BETHEL, MAINE
Phone 112

E. E. WHITNEY & CO.
BETHEL, MAINE
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKERS
Classic Designs
FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP
Letters of inquiry promptly answered
See Our Work—Get Our Prices
E. E. WHITNEY & CO.
Satisfaction Guaranteed

DR. RALPH OTIS HOOD
Osteopath
will be at the office of
Dr. R. L. Greenleaf

Daily Evenings
9-12 and 2-5 by appointment

BETHEL VILLAGE CORPORATION

FIRE ALARM SIGNALS

1 blast, repeated at one minute intervals, Main and Broadway Streets.

2 blasts, repeated at one minute intervals, Mill Hill.

3 blasts, repeated at two minute intervals, Church, Park, Upper High, Upper Summer, Elm Street.

4 blasts, repeated at two minute intervals, Main to Bryant's Store, Spring, Brighton, Chapman Streets.

5 blasts, repeated at two minute intervals, Lower Main, Mechanic, Clark, Lower High, Lower Summer, Vernon Street.

6 blasts, repeated at two minute intervals, Mills, Mill Yard and Railroad Street.

IN CASE OF FIRE—Call the telephone office, tell the operator where the fire is, and she will tend to the alarm immediately.

American Family Names

Doomed to Extinction

Any American who wants to perpetuate the family name has small hope of success unless he can give his family name a place in the family tree.

There are many families in the United States whose names are fast disappearing from the family tree.

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HOW

WINDS CAN BRING ABOUT EXTREMELY HOT WAVES.

The dreaded hot waves of summer are caused by the relation of high and low pressure areas over the United States.

When an area of high pressure covers the southern states, while a low pressure area advances from the west across the northern states, the stage is all set for a hot wave.

It will be remembered that air always flows from an area of high pressure into an area of low pressure.

The flow is not directly into the low due to the rotary movement of the winds which is a result of the earth's rotation.

Consequently as the "low" moves across the southern states, heated air is constantly poured in to the right of the "low" from the "high" in the south.

The hot wind of summer usually is accompanied by an increase in humidity. The heat evaporates local moisture and the winds bring in additional moisture.

After three or four days of a hot spell the moisture accumulated is so great that a local thunderstorm usually results.

The fourth or fifth day usually sees the end of a hot spell.

This is caused by the arrival of a "high" which has been traveling some distance behind the "low."

The contact of the cool front of this "high" with the warm air results in the formation of great white clouds which are known as the "rain front."

This is the place where the hot winds of the "low" meet the cool winds of the "high."

The whitish line thunderstorms usually are very violent.

New York World-Telegram.

How Group of Papalists Acts in Human Tongue

In the back part of the tongue the root is a group of large papillae, numbering from seven to fifteen, and arranged in an inverted V fashion.

In these larger papillae the ends of the nerves lie among groups of cells, called taste buds.

The cells of these buds are arranged so that they taper to a point, but are rounded just enough to have a little canal, which the nerve would be present at the end.

The cells of the buds are merely supporting, having few nerves. From each nerve a small bulging filament protrudes to the end. These are called taste hairs.

These are extremely sensitive, and are supposed to transmit impulses of taste to the brain. The hair is tasted a substance and is dissolved. The hair is dissolved in the saliva and the taste is lost.

How to Save Bearings

One of the most important parts of a machine is the bearing. A bearing is a part of a machine which supports a shaft and allows it to rotate.

A bearing is made of a material which is hard and smooth. It is usually made of steel, but can be made of other materials.

A bearing is used to support a shaft and to allow it to rotate. It is a very important part of a machine.

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County News

Rowe Hill, Greenwood

Miss Alice Blakes of Shelburne, N. H., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Colby Ring several days last week.

Other visitors through the week were Lena Yates of West Paris, and Clayton Ring of Bryant Pond.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dragon of Rumford called on her brother Merle at Camp Sebowlah, also at Newton Bryant's Sunday.

Norma Ring visited Lena Yates at West Paris a few days this week.

Edgar Dunham, Ray Hanacom, Winifred Bryant and Mae Coolidge went to Grafton last Sunday and climbed Mount Speck.

Mr. and Mrs. Colby Ring and Miss Blakes went to Howe Hill Sunday and also called on Mrs. Murray Ring on the Gore.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Redmond were in the neighborhood Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bryant of Woodford were guests at Newton Bryant's several days last week.

Very few farmers have finished haying, the weather has been so changeable.

Henry Brooks was at Mont Brooks Sunday.

Miss Alice Morey and Mr. Bailey of Portland called on Miss Morey's aunt, Mrs. Margaret Bryant, Saturday.

Mrs. Ernest Brooks and two sons visited in Shelburne, N. H., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bryant and Mrs. Margaret Bryant were in Bethel last Thursday.

Mrs. Colby Ring and Miss Blakes were in Locke Mills last Thursday.

SOUTH WOODSTOCK

The town of Woodstock was well represented on Saturday Aug. 8, at the community fair held at Bryant Pond.

Many from this place attended the flower show given by the Bryant Pond Garden Club. The display was wonderful. The artistic arrangement won the merited praise of the large assembly.

Mrs. Florence Benson spent the week end with her father, Jerry B. Farrar, at Bryant Pond.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Austin and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Davis spent the week end in Dixfield. They visited at the home of Mr. Austin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arno J. Austin, and at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fish.

Robert Farrington has entered the employ of the Tobacco Manufacturing Company at West Paris.

A birthday of more than usual note was celebrated recently at the home of Alvin M. Andrews, when neighbors, friends, and relatives gathered to pay homage to our worthy citizen on the anniversary of his seventy-first birthday. Mr. Andrews is actively engaged in the manufacture of caskets, a business which has been carried on by the family for 105 years, five generations contributing to the success of the business of J. W. Andrews & Son.

Perkins Valley, Woodstock

Charles Silver has put on a nice foundation on which to build the addition to his house. He had A. W. Walker's cement mixer, and one of his men helped two days.

Several agents called on us this past week.

John Pomeroy and wife of Auburn and a family from Oiled were Sunday callers at J. T. Bryant's.

Several from here attended the celebration at Bethel. All agreed it was the best time ever, and are glad they did not miss it.

There are a number having the prevailing stomach and bowel epidemic.

Elton Townsend, who has been earning for A. B. Hendrickson since April 5, finished work there and went to his brother's, Vernon Townsend's, at Oiled Monday. Mr. Hendrickson is able to be about the house and yard some now.

SUNDAY RIVER

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Foster and family have moved into the Jackson place.

Frank Stevens of Locke Mills was in town peddling goods Monday.

Oscar Knowles and Billy Merchant of Temple were visitors in town Sunday.

Frank Kennett and family of Conway, N. H., were in town Saturday on business.

A truck from Norway hauled boards Thursday and Friday and loaded on the cars at Bethel.

Mr. Ingraham and Mr. Seward of Upton were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Reynolds one day this week.

Earl Davis of Bethel was in town recently.

Chester Wheeler and son Albert of West Bethel have been hauling dry wood from the mill this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Lapham of Bethel were in this vicinity Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chase and family of Rumford Point were visitors at R. L. Foster's Sunday.

John Spinney was at home from Andover for the week end.

Asley Leighton of Crystal, N. H., was in town Sunday.

Hugh Thurston of Bethel was in town Saturday.

Harold Fuller and Everett Lane of Upton were in town Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bartlett of Bethel were in town Friday berrying.

EAST MILTON

(Deferred)

Mrs. Hattie Sessions was in West Paris Thursday to see Dr. Kay.

Clifford Ethridge is working for Ernest Billings in haying.

Walter Millett is working for Bert Davis in the woods.

Mrs. Llewellyn A. Buck and new born baby girl went to their home in Bryant Pond Saturday.

Harry Billings attended the fair at Brighton this week.

Lena Billings is home after staying a while with her sister and family.

Laurence Billings stayed at his uncle's, Jed Billings', one night last week.

Edwin Pingree is helping Willie Bean in haying. He got burned with the line very bad but is better now.

A very heavy thunder shower passed over this place last week.

Laura Ethridge is caring for Harry James' children while they are at the fair.

NEWRY

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Powers were at Screw Auger Falls last Sunday and on their way home called at Harry Clifford's to see L. M. Blanchard. They also called on Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Walker, who are staying at their log cabin home.

The men from Rumford who cut the hay on the Enman farm have finished and gone to their homes.

Ezra Chapman is cutting some hay on H. B. Harlow's.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Wight entertained company from Connecticut last week.

A family has moved into J. B. Chapman's bungalow for a while.

ELECTROL

What Does It Mean?

The oil heating system that has economy of operation and service behind it.

H. Alton Bacon

Bryants Pond, Maine

For Particulars and Price

ALSO FOWLER RANGE BURNERS

A Gain Of Nearly Four Million Dollars

This shows what the savings bank depositors in Maine have been doing in their savings accounts in the past twelve months.

About one person in three in Maine is a depositor in a savings bank in this State.

Savings banks have no stockholders. The banks are owned by their depositors.

"Put Your Savings In Your Own Savings Bank."

\$1 starts an account in this

Beth

Evolution of Money



Salt Merchant of Morocco, Whose Salt is Also Used for Money.

(Prepared by the National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.)

ETHIOPIA (Abyssinia), which has hitherto got along without a money of its own, is taking steps toward establishing a currency and coinage system on a gold basis. Most of the citizens are now using their purchases bars of salt, rifle cartridges, and even empty bottles and tin cans. The money necessary in international dealings has been furnished in limited supply by Maria Theresa Thalers, introduced a number of years ago from Austria, and by a small amount of paper money issued by a branch of the National Bank of Egypt established in Addis Ababa, capital of Ethiopia. This bank is to be purchased by the Ethiopian government as a first step in its program to set up a currency and coinage system. When Ethiopia issues her first bank notes and certificates, these bits of inked paper will represent the latest link in the very long chain of the evolution of money. In earliest times man traded or bartered one product or article for another. But the need for a common denominator of value became apparent even with the first glimmerings of civilization. The skins of animals served in this way when man was still a hunter, while shells became the first money of tribes living near the sea. When man settled down and became an agriculturist or a herdsman, grain and cattle came into use as his measures of values. The ox was "big money," the sheep "small change."

There were certain disadvantages in using live stock as money. For one thing, it might walk away in the night; for another, it consumed much provender. There were difficulties about very small change for the purchase of such edibles as kettles of fish and messes of pottage.

The human geography of the Near East, which had been pastoral, about this time got an industrial urge. A way had been found of extracting a metal from the earth of the island of Cyprus, hardly set in the eastern Mediterranean. The Romans later twisted the name of this island in such a way that the modern word "copper" was derived from it.

How Copper Became Money. Copper pots began to appear, and, like cattle, were universally prized. Merchants would exchange whatever they had in their stalls for copper pots, and the demand for them was more nearly universal than for any other object. The copper pot was, therefore, money.

Then into this region came one imbued with an idea of importance. Instead of presenting pots for use in facilitating barter, he would tender the copper of which they were made. He would offer it in a convenient form, made up into a strip which he called obolus. No definite idea of its size survives, but it was said that six made a handful. The obolus marked a great advance toward the use of coin.

The scene shifted to the west, Italy, as it arose from barbarism, adopted a unit of copper as a measure of value. It called the unit as, a Roman pound of 12 unciae, or ounces, and it came into general use.

Copper served the purpose of money because of its intrinsic value. The as had the value of a pound of copper. Human nature being the same then as now, it soon came to pass that people made the as in a weight a little less than a pound and profited to the extent of the metal thus saved. They learned to mix certain quantities of baser and cheaper metals with the copper and their currency deteriorated.

Thus a step toward the development of actual money was forced on the nations. Governing powers found it necessary to stop into the breach, to test metals used as money, to put their stamps guaranteeing quality and weight upon them, and by this means copper coins arrived.

As the centuries passed in the Mediterranean area, copper became plentiful and its purchasing power decreased.

Rome was getting much of the earth of Cyprus. Thus it developed that an average householder of ancient Rome, going to market to buy for a feast day, would need to pack a donkey to bear the weight of the copper for his shopping.

The metal came to be too bulky in proportion to its value. Yet it held its place until another metal appeared

that better served money purposes. That metal was silver. The map of the civilized world was expanding. Spain had begun to produce.

Civilization moved westward and Charlemagne established an empire of the French in the eighth century on a silver standard. He formally decreed that the pound of silver should be the basic measure of value, and a continent accepted his edict. So it happens that in France today the word argent means "money," although its literal significance is "silver."

Money of England. Money history began to be written in another geographical area. The English began to talk of the "pound" in designating a money unit. This is the silver pound of Charlemagne.

Originally 240 pennies were made from the pound of silver, and although the pound (sterling) has become a measure of value and not of weight, the relation to the old value standard continues—240 pence to the pound (sterling).

The English word "shilling" has a geographical origin that is quite different. It was first used by the blonde barbarians of the North. These warriors and their opponents were given to wearing rings and arm bands made of silver or gold. After battles the rings of the slain were highly prized by the victors, and were gathered and properly distributed by an official who had charge of this division of spoils. He was known as the ring-breaker and was actually the first treasury official of these northern tribes.

The rings were so made that they broke up into bits of a somewhat uniform size. One fragment was called a "schillingus." In the North it was an early form of money, and from it came the shilling, so dear to the English heart today.

The world was short of actual money from Caesar to Columbus. There was little progress during that long stretch and there appears to be some soundness in the theory that the absence of a circulating medium of sufficient quantity to make development possible was, in part, the reason for the stagnation. Yet, despite its scarcity, money events were taking place about the map of Europe and seen, in retrospect, to have been in preparation for the coming of better days.

Origin of the Dollar.

Toward the end of the time of short age there appeared in the interior of medieval Europe an individual who was to write a chapter of money history that has come down strangely in modern times, and to give a new name to the West a currency unit that was to have a profound effect. This man made the first dollar in all the world, and gave it a name—dollar, though the etymology is not apparent at a glance, becomes upon examination the lineal ancestor of the word "dollar."

The count of Schlick, for such was his title, dwelt in St. Joachimsthal (Joachim's Dale), a mining region of Bohemia. The patron saint of the community was St. Joachim.

Here the count of Schlick, in 1510, appropriated a silver mine. As his retainers took out the precious metal, the master laid his finger to his temple and considered the purpose to which he should put it. He must have been a man of perception, for he seemed to realize that he dwelt in a money-hungry world, and that his silver would serve best if made into coins.

At any rate, he devised a new one all his own. On its face appeared a reproduction of St. Joachim, and it was named after that personage and the community which gave it birth—Joachimsthal. It was the first dollar.

Now note the evolution of the word "dollar" from this, its polysyllabic ancestor. When the Joachimsthaler found its way into medieval Germany it was warmly welcomed. A practical people, however, soon tired of the length of its name, and by a judicious dropping of syllables it became the "thaler." The word is that form still survives in Germany.

When the thaler passed into the Netherlands its pronunciation was somewhat changed. There it was called the "daler." Then it crossed to England, where, by use of the broad "a," daler became "dollar." Under this modified name and geographical transposition, the Joachimsthaler of the count of Schlick has grown and prospered.

EAST STONEHAM

Joel Hayden, Jr., has been a guest at Cobb's Camp at Denmark for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. MacLean started for Jamesburg, N. J., Monday morning where Mr. MacLean has a position as manual art instructor in the State School for Boys.

There was a big crowd at the dance Friday at the K. of P. Hall.

The Ladies' Aid of East Stoneham will hold their annual church fair at K. of P. Hall Thursday, Aug. 13, afternoon and evening. Supper will be served at the church vestry.

Mrs. W. F. Wilson called on Mrs. Nelson and Mrs. H. M. Parker Monday afternoon.

Donald Flies is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Curtis Bickford, for a few days. Ingalls McAllister and family and Theodore Brown have moved from Albany to their new home in Stoneham which they recently bought of Carlton Barker.

Lawrence Dadmun has returned home from Oxford where he has been visiting his grandmother for the past week.

Mrs. Solon McAllister went to Farrington's Camps Saturday where she has employment for the month of August.

Mrs. Alice Bartlett Tuck of Baltimore, Md., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Edith Bartlett, at Bartlett Island Camp.

Charles Merrill and Charles Jordan have been at Camp Keys, Augusta, Maine, for the past two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert White and son Herbert Jr., of Amesbury, Mass., are at Mrs. Fred Bartlett's camp on the shore of Lake Keewardin.

EAST BETHEL

W. B. Bartlett spent a few days last week in Norway with his sister, Mrs. Lucretia Pierce.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Holt of Noponset, Mass., spent the week end with his aunt, Mrs. Will Bartlett, also visiting Mr. Holt's mother, Mrs. Ione Holt, who is spending a few weeks at Mr. and Mrs. Will Bartlett's.

Mrs. Clayton Kimball, Melan, Richard, and Adele Kimball and Mrs. Guy Bartlett were in South Paris Tuesday, bringing home Isabel Kimball who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Alice Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Fales and children returned to their home at Dorchester, Mass., Monday. They have been visiting Mrs. Fales' sister, Mrs. John Howe, and family for the past three weeks.

Mr. Rand, who has charge of the new road being built here, is boarding at S. B. Newton's.

Mrs. John Howe and family and Mrs. Cecil Reed were in Norway Tuesday.

Mrs. Irving Kimball has returned to Boston.

The Kimball family held a reunion Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Howe, when they were all together for the first time in a number of years. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Fales and children, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Kimball of Boston, and B. W. Kimball of Middlebury.

Miss Evelyn Stinchcomb and Norman Stinchcomb of Waltham, Mass., spent the week end at Mr. and Mrs. Russell Swan's. Sunday company entertained were Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Mason and Madam Mason, Charles Brooks and son of Oxford.

Mr. and Mrs. James Swan are visiting their son Edgar, in Appanauk, R. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Curtis are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter Aug. 10, weight 10½ pounds.

Miss Ellen Burns is in Andover on a vacation.

LOCKE MILLS

Miss Winifred Bryant of Rowe Hill spent Thursday night with Miss Maude Salls. They went to Lewiston Friday and spent the night with friends and relatives at Mechanic Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Jason Bennett, daughter Barbara and Miss Ruth Hay were at Songo Lake Sunday.

Miss Alice Chute and Miss Hazel Salls were guests of Miss Erma Marshall at Bethel, Saturday afternoon and night.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cole carried her father, Hartley Hanson, back to his home at North Newry Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Owen Davis and Miss Gladys Salls called on Mrs. Guy Emer at Bethel Thursday afternoon.

Miss Louie Peabody and Mrs. Lillian Doughty of West Paris were callers in town Friday.

Miss Maude Salls spent Thursday at Rowe Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Tebbets are home from their trip to the Yellowstone National Park.

Misses Gladys, Maude, Conice, Avis, and Lila Salls went with a party to Songo Lake Sunday.

Miss Hazel Salls has returned from her school at Farmington.

Windom is the greatest wealth.

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW

QUESTIONS

1. Does the snake sting with its forked tongue?
2. What great orator put pebbles in his mouth to overcome defects in his speech?
3. What city in the United States is noted for the number of divorces secured there?
4. In what campaign was the slogan used: "Prosperity is just around the corner?"
5. What is meant by curing hay?
6. What is political patronage?
7. What is a passport?
8. Who was named "The Boy Orator of the Platte"?
9. What character in history became known as the Maid of Orleans?
10. To what character in American history was the name Old Hickory given?

ANSWERS

1. Last Week's Questions
1. His passive resistance strike against the English government.
2. The whale.
3. Professor Augusta Piccard.
4. The Do-X.
5. Spain.
6. Albert B. Fall.
7. James Lawrence, American naval officer in 1813 in a naval battle in Boston Harbor.
8. Democrat.
9. Ireland.
10. Any animal that chews its cud.

SONGO POND

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Kimball and baby, Mrs. Celia Gorman and Elizabeth, Miss Ina Good, and Abner Kimball motored to Farmington Sunday, Aug. 2. They visited Miss Mildred Graffam and Miss Electa Chapin at Farmington Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. George Brown spent the week end at Charles Gorman's. Miss Maebel Inman is enjoying a two weeks vacation from her work at Carl Brown's.

Abner Kimball and Miss Mildred Graffam spent Sunday with Miss Ina Good at East Stoneham.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kimball, Leonard Kimball and Ray Thompson enjoyed a ride in Cunningham's airplane Sunday at West Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Kimball and son Arthur attended the celebration at Harrison last Saturday.

Grover Gorman visited Charlie Gorman and family Sunday.

NORTHWEST BETHEL

Hollis McKinley has finished work for H. A. Skillings and returned to his home in South Paris.

Mrs. Byron Abbott and daughter of Portland are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown, and family.

Mrs. Wilbur Gammon and daughter of South Paris and Mr. and Mrs. John Morse of Hanover called on Mrs. Floyd Coolidge one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Skillings were in Farmington last Friday after Miss Marion Skillings, who has finished the summer season at Normal School.

H. A. Skillings is busy with the harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Thomas of Rumford spent the week end with her parents.

Mr. Albert Skillings is having some work done on his buildings.

GREENWOOD CENTER

Eugene Elwell is working at Mechanic Falls.

Donald Belisle was a week end visitor at R. L. Martin's. Mrs. Cecile Roberts of West Poland and Reginald Roberts of Locke Mills were there Sunday.

Nicolaus Harithas, attorney of Mechanic Falls, and friends of Lewiston and Sanford were at Mr. Harithas' camp Sunday.

Carlton Cole, Stanley Seames, Beryl and Glenn Martin were at West Bethel Sunday.

Conscience is a coward, and those faults it has not strength to prevent, it seldom has justice enough to accuse.—Goldsmith.

T. H. WHEELER CO.

MEATS
and
FARM PRODUCTS
ON
COMMISSION

POULTRY A SPECIALTY

CLINTON MARKET

93-101 Clinton St.
BOSTON

LAKEWOOD

Nights at 8
Daylight Saving
ALL THIS WEEK
Every Seat \$1
Phone Showman 434

"AS HUSBANDS GO"

By Rachel Crothers
with CATHERINE CALHOUN DOUGET
(in her original role)

RUTH SHEPLEY HARLAND TUCKER

STARTING MONDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 17
John Drinkwater's Delightful Comedy

"BIRD IN HAND"

Two Years in London Two Years in New York

SPECIAL MATINEE SATURDAY, AUGUST 22
2:30 P. M. Daylight Saving

PAUL'S PUPPETS

presenting the immortal story of "CINDERELLA"
SEATS 50 CENTS

Lakewood Dances Every Tuesday, Friday and Saturday Night
LOU LISSACK'S ORCHESTRA

The Citizen Printers Can Satisfy Your Printing Needs

Announcements and Invitations
Business and Calling Cards
Books and Booklets
Posters and Flyers
Programs
Business and Society Stationery
Office Forms
School Magazines
Direct Mail Advertising
Tags

IF
WE
CAN'T
DO
IT
and do
it right
WE
WILL
TELL
YOU

The Oxford County Citizen
Bethel, Maine

There Was Another Dorinda Dodd

By CLARISSA MACKIE

DEAR Captain, read the letter, "I now take my pen in hand to tell you that I am going to California to keep house for my brother, so that I can work for you any longer. He calls me, so I cannot wait until you come home from this trip. Dorinda will take by place as your housekeeper, and you can change if neither of you pleases the other. Yours respectfully, Ellen Smith."

"Dorinda Dodd! Sufferin' fish!" roared young Captain Clark, as he read the letter away and leaned against the rail of his blue schooner Breeze. A large three-masted vessel that roared through deep seas. "Think of going home and not seeing Ellen Smith at the helm. Is Dorinda Dodd the only woman without a job in Fairport?"

He asked himself this question many times as the Breeze neared New York. They touched at the big city and took a Fairport man home with them. Jabez Case offered the captain before the ship had left the East river.

"I hear Dorinda Dodd's going to keep house for you," gossiped Jabez lastly.

"I'll turn around and find some one else," said the captain, frowning on his handsome bronzed face. "What's some one else? What's the matter with Dorinda Dodd?" Jabez fairly squeaked his surprise. "She makes the best apple pies in Fairport."

The captain hesitated. "That may be, and apple pie is my favorite, but I couldn't stand being talked to death by Dorinda."

"Talked to death?" repeated the stupefied Jabez.

"I said it."

Jabez became silent. He watched the captain's gloomy face as he stood by the wheel. They were entering the sound and the navigation through Holt Gait required the captain's close attention. Once Jabez snatched his knee just as though he had made a delightful discovery.

"Folks are gossiping already, Bill—you know old Dorinda Dodd always wanted to get married."

"Don't be a fool, Jabez," snapped Capt. Bill Clark.

"The Breeze is in port!" the word few around the village of Fairport, but no one had an opportunity to have a word with the captain, who went there at once and took a short cut across the hills to his little white house on the hill. He had been born and raised there, and it pleased him to live on in the house that was so eloquent of his mother and father, and these five years past.

"The old lady likes posies," he grudgingly admitted. He entered the front door and looked into the parlor. Everything was in its accustomed place, and immediately clean. The small front windows were open and the scent of cinnamon roses filled the room. His throat tightened—memory seemed so insistent. He almost missed the presence of his mother. He had hastily passed through the quaint dining room, and sought the kitchen—and Dorinda Dodd.

There was a delicious fragrance of baking cake; on a side table were loaves of fresh bread and two pies—on the big kitchen table were all the evidences of molasses cookies to come, but no Dorinda Dodd.

"Oh, Miss Dorinda!" he sang lustily, cheered for the moment by the comfort of his home, and with the words scarcely uttered, out of the pantry stepped a woman, with dabs of flour on her pretty nose and cheeks. Her wide brown eyes showed surprise.

"It must be Captain Clark," she extended a plump capable hand. "Welcome home."

"Thank you, ma'am. I was expecting to see Miss Dorinda Dodd here, so I just sang out," he explained.

"Oh—why, I am Dorinda Dodd!"

He stared at her doubtfully. "I was expecting an elderly lady—I went to school to her once upon a time."

"That was father's sister—and Aunt Dorinda died last winter, poor dear. I am sorry that you are disappointed."

"Disappointed?" he roared. "Why, should I be disappointed?" He admired the pretty light blue dress she wore and the way the hair curled in the shape of her pretty neck. Send her away? He hoped nothing would happen to tempt her to leave his abode. She was a little more than thirty, and he was home for the summer.

When he was ready to call on his next long voyage, he met Jabez Case on the street. "How is Miss Dorinda, Billy?" asked Jabez.

Capt. Billy Clark grinned happily. "There isn't any Miss Dorinda Dodd now. Jabez—it's Dorinda Clark, and we're off on our honeymoon."

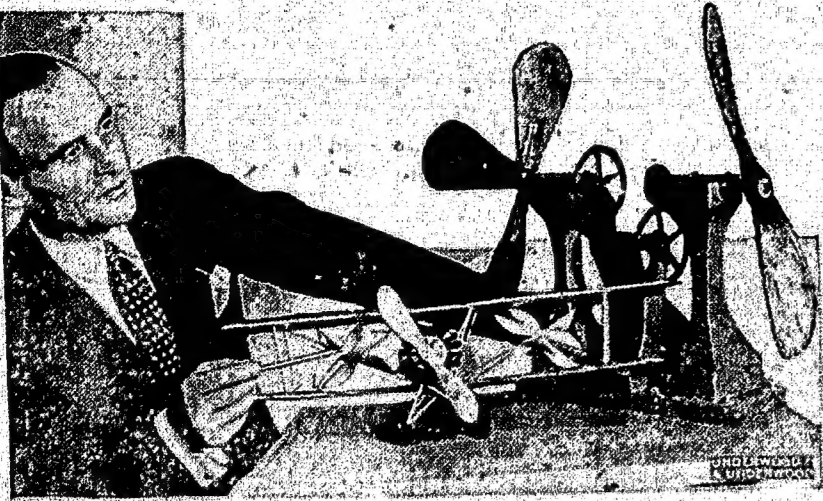
English Privy Council

The Privy Council was originally chosen by the English sovereign to administer public affairs, but is now never summoned to assemble as a whole except to proclaim the successor to the crown upon the death of the sovereign. The business of the Privy Council is now performed by committees, of which the cabinet is technically one.

Motorists' Term

"Vapor lock" means the interruption in the flow of gasoline from the fuel tank to the carburetor, due to the boiling of the liquid fuel at some point in the feed system.

New Safety Device for Airplanes



Alexander Aldert of Philadelphia with his new invention, the "landing auxiliary propeller," which he asserts will prevent all nose dives and will aid the flyer striking air pockets. At right is a working model of the two-blade prop in front of the four-blade prop, and these are placed on the plane as shown in the plane model.

NORTH NORWAY

Mrs. Ada Lowe of Medford, Mass., called on her old friend and schoolmate, Carrie Foster, one day recently. Mrs. Ella Hartman and George Herdick from the village and Anne Hartman of California called on Amos Hartman one day last week. Mr. Foster is quite feeble this summer.

Mrs. Isabel Hussey, who has been with her daughter, Mrs. Dorothy Austin, at Northwest Norway for two weeks, returned to her home at Swift's Corner Saturday. Her grandson, Cecil Austin, returned with her. Edwin Austin, who went with Company C to Augusta two weeks ago, returned home Saturday.

Howard Heath has finished work for the Thurston Brothers, Norway Center, and worked for E. G. Farnum Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Morse, daughter Grace and son Arthur took a trip to Soreau Auger Falls recently.

Theodore Whitman, Noble's Corner, has been cutting the hay on Thomas Bishbee's farm. Mr. Whitman plans to have some young stock to ent up hay this winter.

Dimie Whitman of Greenwood is cutting the hay on the C. G. French farm at Northwest Norway.

Mrs. J. Willis Ross and son Leslie of Clark's Mills visited Mrs. Ross' mother, Mrs. Alice Watson, over the week end.

Mrs. Effie Heath and son Cecil, in company with Mrs. J. Willis Ross, visited relatives in West Bethel Saturday afternoon.

A. D. Kilgore finished work on the State road some days ago and is now doing more or less work in his shop.

The many friends and relatives of A. W. Judkins of Upton were very sorry to learn of the loss of his barn by fire recently.

Cologne Impressive

Cologne is sometimes spoken of as the "German Rome," and contains a great number of churches, most of which are interesting, especially St. Maria in the Capitol, the church of the Apostles, the Jesuit church, the Dominican church and St. Ursula's. It was founded as a Roman colony about A. D. 51 and in 1625 celebrated the thousandth anniversary of the date since the Rhineland formed an integral part of the German empire, with the exception of the period between 1798 and 1814, when the French were in possession. Viewed from the river the city presents a picturesque and imposing appearance, with its medieval towers and battlements, dominated by the majestic cathedral.

The smartest thing in rubber!

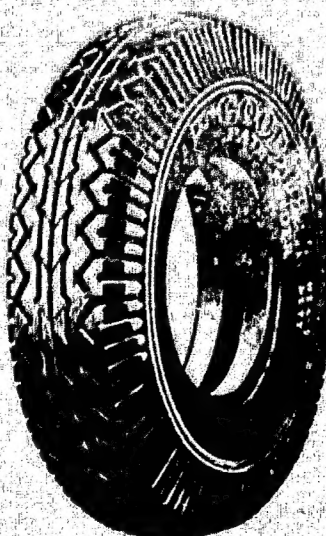


New Improved Standard
GOODYEAR ALL-WEATHER
\$8.55
4.75-19 (28x4.75)

Other sizes in proportion

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J. B. CHAPMAN, Prop.
Bethel, Maine Tel. 103

One tough hombre—yet a Sheik for looks!



A Super Value only Goodyear offers for hard driving
HEAVY DUTY Goodyear Pathfinder
\$8.75
4.50-21 (30x4.50)
Other sizes equally low

CENTRAL SERVICE STATION
J. B. CHAPMAN, Prop.
Bethel, Maine Tel. 103

Like the Beggar

Melvin Taylor, the Chicago banker, said in New York the day he sailed on the Berengaria:

"One cause of American business success is our American honesty. We forget so very honest in the past. Our past methods, in fact, compared with our present ones, make us look like the beggar."

"This beggar had been blind for many years, but one day he hustled up to a steady patron, looked him straight in the eye and said:

"Could ye gimme a dime for a cup o' coffee, boss?"

"Why," said the steady patron, "have ye recovered your sight?"

"The beggar nodded.

"Dog died, ye see," he explained, "and not havin' time to train another I had to turn deaf and dumb."

STATE OF MAINE

To all persons interested in either of the estates hereinafter named:

At a Probate Court, held at Paris in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of July in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, and by adjournment from day to day from the third Tuesday of said July. The following matters having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen, a newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Rumford, on the fourth Tuesday of August, A. D. 1931, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Estelle Bean, late of Albany, deceased; Will and Petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Sumner C. Bean as executor of the same to act without bond as expressed in said Will, presented by said Sumner C. Bean, the executor therein named.

Fred B. Howe, late of Bethel, deceased; Will and Petition for probate thereof and the appointment of John H. Howe as executor of the same to act without bond as expressed in said Will, presented by said John H. Howe, the executor therein named.

Mabel M. Rowe, late of Woodstock, the executor therein named.

Corra A. Brooks, late of Bethel, deceased; First Account presented for allowance by Otis W. Brooks, administrator.

Emma M. Merrill, late of Bethel, deceased; Will and Petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Fred B. Merrill as executor of the same to act without bond as expressed in said Will, presented by Fred B. Merrill, the executor therein named.

Angie C. Bean, late of Bethel, deceased; First and Final Account presented for allowance by Herbert I. Bean, administrator.

Witness, Henry H. Hastings, Judge of said Court at Paris, this 21st day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one.

18p ALBERT D. PARK, Register.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the estate of Mary W. Farnum, late of Bethel in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

CHARLES C. EAMES
July 22nd, 1931. Bethel, Maine. 18p

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Robert B. Crockett, late of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

ROBERT C. CHICKETT,
July 23rd, 1931. Woodstock, Maine 18p

HERE AND THERE IN MAINE

Infantile paralysis, which is causing no little anxiety throughout the New England States, appears to be increasing in Maine. Reports from the State health department show eight cases under quarantine.

George W. Bean, 16, of Brunswick, Boy Scout and patrol leader, rescued Helen Thompson and companion from drowning. Their canoe had overturned in the bay in the vicinity of Mere Point and Birch Island.

B. M. Fossett, Jay Hill, has four acres of string beans. In two days 8400 pounds of beans were picked for canning.

Commander Byrd, Arctic explorer, is summering at Mount Desert Island. He is working on a book covering scientific studies and observations made during his Antarctic trip.

A collection amounting to \$23,909 was taken Sunday at the closing session of the 44th annual convention of the Christian Missionary Alliance. The money is to be used for missionary work in foreign fields.

Two Maine girls, footsore and weary, became satisfied Monday that their dreams of city life were nothing but mirages. Gladys Iverson of Bar Harbor and Doris Warren of Town Hill were hitchhiking to Providence, R. I. They arrived in Boston without money or food. Their folks were notified and they were ready for home.

"Like a Battle"

"It was my first experience. The road from the front was hardly new to me. Our assailants, who outnumbered us 20 to 1, were going like beads, and their ammunition seemed unlimited. I was struck several times. My company, which had stood still for till now, turned and fled. It was more than flesh and blood could stand."

"What battle did you say it was?" asked the man next to him.

"Who said anything about a battle?" replied the first speaker in a surprised tone. "I was describing my first experience as Hamlet in a drama about the atreptic society."

Howe Hill—Greenwood

Hazel Hankscom was a caller at Robert Cole's Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Berryment and bay called at Ernest Cole's Wednesday evening.

The Stevens boys have been haying on their farm in this vicinity the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kittleson of Portland and Della Joyce of Boston visited at Ernest Cole's over the week end.

Willard and Stanton Cole were in East Bethel Thursday evening. Supt. E. R. Bowdon called at Robert Cole's Saturday evening.

Hartley Hankscom has returned to his home in North Norway.

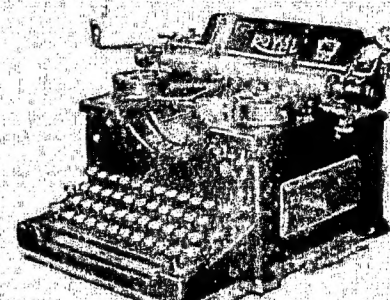
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Swan and family, Everett Cross, Florence Roberts, Willard and Stanton Cole and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cole were in West Bethel Sunday to watch the airplanes.

Several airplanes have been seen flying over this vicinity the past week.

Rodney Cross and Will Seames were in Norway recently.

Carroll Akers is visiting his brother, Jesse Akers.

T. L. Downs was in Rumford Friday.



YOU CAN BUY OR HIRE
A TYPEWRITER AT
THE CITIZEN
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LOW PRICES
L. C. SMITH AND ROYAL
TYPEWRITERS
REPAIRS AND SUPPLIES
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STAMPED GOODS
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What a
Tire!
What a
Price!

HERE'S an example of how Goodyear's greater production enables greater value! Just look at this tire! It's actually superior to many of the higher priced brands—and we can show you why! Goodyear makes millions more tires than anybody else and turns the savings back to you in a better product for the money.



\$4.98
4.40-21
(28x4.40)
\$9.60 per pair

Lifetime Guaranteed

OTHER SIZES EQUALLY LOW

Size Each Pair

4.50-20 (28x4.50) 5.60 10.90

4.50-21 (30x4.50) 5.69 11.10

4.75-19 (28x4.75) 6.63 12.90

5.25-21 (31x5.25) 8.57 16.70

30x3 1/2 Reg. Cl. 4.39 8.54

Latest Improved
GOODYEAR PATHFINDER

Superior Cord Tire

Size Price Size Price

30x3 1/2 \$17.95 32x6 \$29.75

5.00-20 (32x5.00) 15.35

TUBES ALSO LOW PRICED

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News Review of Current Events the World Over

Mrs. Hoover Christens the Navy's Big Dirigible Akron— President Forms Relief Plans for Next Winter.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD



Mrs. Hoover.

MRS. HERBERT Hoover journeyed from Washington to Akron, Ohio, and there graciously christened the world's largest dirigible, the Akron, which has been built for the United States navy. As the First Lady pronounced the name of the huge airship, the traditional ceremony of releasing a flight of white pigeons was observed. Before the christening the monster was brought to life by the inflation of twelve of its cells with helium gas, enough to raise it about ten feet from its cradle. It was then "walked" sideways forty feet and secured as in actual operation by sand ballast, so it was really aloft when Mrs. Hoover set free the homing pigeons to carry messages of the event to the various war stations.

The trials of the Akron will take place in the latter part of August or early in September, under supervision of a board of inspection and survey. They will consist of five or six flights of various duration, including one of forty-eight hours, to determine speeds, fuel consumption, endurance, structural integrity of parts and other details of performance and handling.

If the trials prove satisfactory the Navy department will accept the Akron and have it flown to Lakehurst for commissioning and docking.

MORE trouble for the federal farm board developed during the week in the form of "civil war." It is now under fire from within its own ranks as the result of the fight between the Farmers' National Grain corporation and the Farmers' Union Terminal association of St. Paul, on the one hand, and the Northwest Grain association on the other.

Like others the Northwest Grain association protests that the government's helping hand is not being withheld to all alike. Ten other cooperatives and farm organizations have supported a resolution to that effect.

Aside the board has taken is that the management of the Farmers' National. Chairman James C. Stone declared that the board would not have competition among the cooperative organizations, which was tantamount to saying that the Northwest Grain association must come into line and will not have its own removed.

The Farmers' National Terminal association contains many of the old Northwestern leasees. Among its active supporters has been Senator George P. Nye, insurgent Republican of North Dakota.

With the row goes back to fundamental differences between the two groups, the more immediate cause of the civil war is the recent policy of the Farmers' National to take over the marketing activities of the twenty-five cooperatives composing its list of stockholder members.

The Farmers' Union Terminal association was the first co-operative in the Farmers' National and it now was 85 per cent of the Farmers' National stock outstanding. According to the program of the central organization, it sold out its marketing facilities to the Farmers' National. The Northwest Grain association, however, refused to sell. Briefly, it gave as its reason that with the power exercised by the Farmers' Union Terminal association in the National and the close ties existing between the terminal association and the National management, it soon would be forced entirely out of the picture.

PRESIDENT HOOVER, in a long conference at his Virginia beach camp with Secretary of Labor Donahoe, virtually completed his plans for the organization of government and available agencies to cope for the unemployed during the coming winter. Mr. Hoover is unchanged in his opposition to anything like a dole, or direct government assistance, and will continue to rely on organized charity. He is willing, however, that the army should be used as a distributing agency, as it is in the times of flood disasters, and to communities where distress is acute there will be loans of army blankets and supplies. The Red Cross will be, as heretofore, the backbone of the relief organization.

Mr. Donahoe presented to the President a report from the recent survey of conditions throughout the country. Neither of them would make public the estimate of the number of people who would be out of work during the coming winter, but both admitted that it would be little different from last year.

However, it was learned that the President, as head of the Red Cross, has directed the Red Cross to start a new drive to raise funds and that the measure has already been put in motion.

He also has issued the necessary instructions to the army to have concentrated at the various bases, most of which are located near the big industrial centers, all of the surplus property available should they be called upon to use it.

BY AN almost unanimous vote in a provincial plebiscite Catalonia gave its enthusiastic approval to a constitution which defines the liberties of the people and fixes the status of the province as autonomous within the Spanish republic. If this is not granted by the new government of Spain, the Catalonians seem willing to fight for their independence. That elderly patriot, Col. Francisco Macia, the apparent leader of Catalonia lies in the fact that Macia and his followers have given commitments to the syndicalists who form the huge labor organization and who are already threatening a general strike if their demands, including higher wages for family men, are not granted. Macia promised his friends he would be able to get out of this difficulty when the time was ripe.



A. H. Wiggin.

FURTHER relief was given Germany, in accordance with the decisions of the London conference, when the board of governors of the Bank for International Settlements at Basel, Switzerland, ordered the extension of its one-fourth share of the \$100,000,000 loan to Germany for a maximum of three months beyond August 5, the date it fell due. It was assumed this action would be initiated by the other participants in the loan, the American Federal Reserve bank, the Bank of England and the Bank of France.

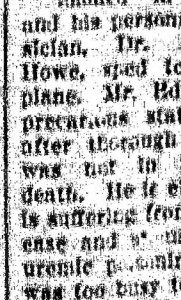
The governors set Saturday, August 8, as the date for the committee of inquiry into German credit needs to begin its work. The meeting was delayed until then to await the arrival of Albert Henry Wiggin, the American member. It was believed that Mr. Wiggin, who is chairman of the board of the Chase National bank of New York, would be selected as chairman of the committee. There are ten members in all, and their principal task will be to study the possibilities of converting a portion of Germany's short-term credits into long-term credits. There were indications that the French would try to convert the committee into an inquiry body.

New York bankers agreed to study the same question of German short-term credits were busy throughout the week with the technical details of the problem, but the prospects of reaching an agreement were said to be small.

Through Ambassador Sackett the suggestion was made to Berlin that Germany purchase large amounts of wheat and cotton wool held by the federal farm board, and it was promised that long-term credits would be arranged. The administration in Washington thought this would both aid Germany and relieve the farm board, and the idea was well received in Berlin. Germany is especially eager for this reason might also take the wheat, although unofficial reports said she had already contracted with Rumania for wheat. She needs, in addition to her own production about 25,000,000 bushels of the grain.

When it seemed as if a deal might be put through, objections to the sale of the farm board's cotton to Germany came from the southern producers. Senator William J. Harris of Georgia said he had received a protest to the effect that such a sale would tend to depress the world price of cotton and that the policy of the farm board should be to hold its cotton and encourage purchases direct from the producers. These were the main objections, though some (foreign countries) would oppose the wheat and cotton proposal on the ground that it would put Germany in an advantageous position over competitors.

THERE was universal grief and anxiety when it was reported that Thomas A. Edison had collapsed at his home in Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., and was at the point of death. Members of the aged center's family were summoned in haste and his personal physician, Dr. H. S. T. A. Edison, flew to his bedside by airplane. Mr. Edison was indeed in a precarious state, but three doctors, after thorough examination, said he was not in immediate danger of death. He is eighty-five years old and is suffering from diabetes, bright disease and a weak heart, as well as uremic poisoning, but he declared he was too busy to die now and that he would soon be able to resume his work.



T. A. Edison.

NOTABLE among the deaths of the week was that of D. H. Anthony, who for years represented the First Missouri district in congress. He was a very active and influential member of the lower house. Mr. Anthony was a nephew of Susan B. Anthony, the noted suffragist.

work. His determination apparently conquered and within a few days Doctor Howe acknowledged that the "Wizard" had a good chance of being able to return to his laboratories.

Mr. Edison soon was recovered sufficiently to sit in his library and read the newspapers, and he wanted to smoke, but this was forbidden. He was sleeping well, and his son Charles said his father was "in good spirits and feeling very chipper." His health had been falling since his return from Florida seven weeks ago and the collapse was no surprise to the physicians or his family.

CHARLES BOYD CURTIS of New York, minister to the Dominican Republic, has been appointed by President Hoover to be minister to El Salvador. His place in Dominica is filled by the appointment of H. F. A. Schofield of Rhode Island as minister there.

TWO more reports from the Wickham commission were made public. One deals with the federal courts, those of Connecticut having been studied in especial detail, and the conclusion is reached that prohibition cases dominate "the whole character of the federal criminal proceedings." Prohibition cases in the Connecticut district increased from 69 per cent of the total number of cases in the first year of the study, the commission reported, to 81 per cent in the study's third year which ended June 30, 1930. The total increase in cases had been furnished by prohibition cases. It was explained; other types remained stationary.

The other report deals with the police of the country, and it is asserted that they have forfeited the public confidence because of their "general failure" to perform their duty. This is blamed mainly on political power, pull and protection, the short tenure of office of the average police chief and the burdening of the police with a multiplicity of duties. Milwaukee was lauded as a city with an enviable record for the prevention and prompt detection of crime, and the reason was found in the fact that it has had only two chiefs of police in 46 years.



Gov. Roosevelt.

NEW YORK is in the throes of an epidemic of infantile paralysis, the total number of cases reported since July 1 being well over eight hundred. The death rate is about 12 per cent. The other day Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt gave one of his famous "fireside" talks to all in the fight against the disease. It went to the state health department for use as a serum. The governor was attacked by the disease some ten years ago, but has practically recovered, and doctors consider his case remarkable. Since blood from a victim who has recovered is considered the best serum for treating others, the governor's action will prove of tangible help to the state authorities.

Dr. Hugo Robinson, secretary of the American Medical association, announced that more than 100 former paralysis sufferers had donated from 250 to 300 cubic centimeters each of their blood to the Cornell medical school.

Mayor James J. Walker of New York city, threatened with a physical breakdown, sailed for Germany to take the water cure at Carlsbad. His blood pressure is low and his heart is weak.

GOVERNOR MURRAY of Oklahoma, having been somewhat worried in the "war of the bridges" he waged with Texas, found use for his National Guard in the oil controversy. He made good his threat to close down all the oil wells in the state except the small strippers if the price of crude oil were not put at \$1 a barrel. A proclamation to that effect was issued and martial law was declared within fifty feet of each of the 3,105 wells within the petroleum area. "National Guard" men with fixed bayonets were placed in control of the twenty-seven oil fields.

In his order the governor defended his actions on the grounds that he is protecting the natural resources of the state. A considerable portion of the proclamation was given to an attack on the Harry Sinclair interests. "The governor claims that Sinclair attempted to buy forty members of the legislature and to influence the government that Sinclair maintained a large oil lobby during the last session of the legislature and that the Sinclair company has been guilty of attempting to keep the price of oil artificially high."

IT WAS an eventful week in aviation. Clyde and Mrs. Lindbergh flew up beyond the Arctic circle with express and precision and landed at Alaskan before proceeding to Point Barrow. Parker Frazer was found to be taking an unannounced flight to Norway by the northern route, the news breaking when he landed at Angmagssalik, Greenland. He was attempting to blaze an air mail route to Copenhagen for the Trans-American Airlines. He and Lindbergh reached Tokyo on their world circling flight, and planned to try for a nonstop trip from there to Seattle. Just before their arrival in the Japanese capital Amy Johnson, the English aviatrix, also landed there.

NOTABLE among the deaths of the week was that of D. H. Anthony, who for years represented the First Missouri district in congress. He was a very active and influential member of the lower house. Mr. Anthony was a nephew of Susan B. Anthony, the noted suffragist.

(By 1931, Western Newspaper Union.)

WHY All Money Is Not, Strictly, Legal Tender

Legal tender is money which a debtor may legally require his creditor to receive in payment of a debt in the absence of any special agreement in the contract of obligation itself, says Pathfinder Magazine. No circulating medium is legal money in the United States unless it has been given the legal tender quality by congress. Not all kinds of money possess legal tender qualities, yet all kinds circulate freely at par and are convertible into standard money. Since the gold dollar is the standard unit of value in the United States, gold coins and gold certificates are legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private. United States notes, popularly known as greenbacks, are full legal tender for all debts except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Treasury notes of 1890 and standard silver dollars are legal tender for all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. Silver certificates, Federal Reserve notes, National bank notes and Federal Reserve bank notes are not legal tender. Subsidiary silver coins—half-dollars, quarters and dimes—are legal tender for amounts not exceeding \$10 in any one payment. Minor coins—five and one cent pieces—are legal tender for amounts not exceeding 25 cents. In other words, it merely means that a person is not under legal obligations to accept more than that sum in such coins in single payment.

Why Weather Conditions Affect Tidal Movements

Contrary to a popular belief, especially that long cherished by many seamen, tides do not exert any influence on the weather, according to reliable meteorologists. As a matter of fact, careful observers have discovered that certain extreme weather conditions affect the tides to some extent. "Tides ebb and flow at every point on the coast with clocklike regularity. Nevertheless, the weather continues to be fair or foul, irrespective of those tides. On the other hand, conditions of very low barometer pressure and very strong winds from favorable directions cause other unusually low or unusually high tides as the case may be. This is the influence of the weather on the tides, and the weather is not the result of any tidal influence. Even when there is a very instantaneous outflow of air from a region into which the tide is rising, or a corresponding inflow of air as the tide subsides, this does not constitute a significant feature of the weather."

Why Japanese Are Short

Since Japan has a large population and a large navy, it is not surprising that it should be short of many things. One of the things it is short of is oil. Japan is a large island country and it has no oil fields of its own. It has to import oil from other countries. This is why it is short of oil.

Why Glass Retains Water

Glass is a very hard material and it is not very porous. This is why it retains water. When water comes in contact with glass, it does not soak into the glass. It stays on the surface of the glass. This is why glass is used for drinking water.

Why Ivy Can Live in Water

Ivy is a very hardy plant and it can live in water. This is because it has a very thick skin and it can absorb water through its leaves. This is why it can live in water.

Why Known as "Corned Beef"

Corned beef is a very hardy food and it can live in water. This is because it has a very thick skin and it can absorb water through its leaves. This is why it can live in water.

Why Peppercorn as Rent

Peppercorn is a very hardy food and it can live in water. This is because it has a very thick skin and it can absorb water through its leaves. This is why it can live in water.

Why Engines Have Many Wheels

Engines have many wheels because they are used on locomotives to reduce the weight at any one point on the rails.

NORTH PARIS

The Smith Reunion will be held at the home of Fred Howard and Mr. and Mrs. Asa Howard at Northwest Bethel Sunday, Aug. 15, 1931.

Mrs. George Noyes and Mrs. Alice Turner spent the day Saturday with Mrs. Rollin Stetson of Sumner.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Andrews and granddaughter of Woodstock and Miss Minnie Stevens of West Paris called at Fred Dunham's Saturday.

Arthur Noyes is helping John Ross with his hayhar.

Miss Lillian Wheeler of Boston was a guest last week of her father, S. L. Wheeler, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gibbs and son George motored to Auburn on business Saturday. On their way home they were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Richardson at Hackett's Mills.

Harry Brown of Boston is visiting at Charles Childs'.

Howard Hart has returned from Wilson Mills and is working for F. A. Littlehale.

Miss Beatrice Andrews returned home Saturday from her trip to California and other points of interest in the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellery Austin and family of Rumford were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Ripley.

Almond Love is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Abbie Love.

Mrs. Hazel Lowe and daughter Jocelyn of Portland were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Ripley. Guests of Mrs. Abbie Lowe and attended the Benson Reunion Sunday.

Harry McGinley of the U. S. Navy is spending a 60 day furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George M. McGinley.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Coffin and Clarence Coffin visited Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Coffin and family at Yarmouth Junction, also Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Coffin and family at Woodville Sunday.

Gordon Abbott and two friends, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Lamb, from Volney, Conn., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Abbott the last of the week. Mrs. Abbott and daughter Truth returned home with them Sunday for an indefinite stay.

Mr. and Mrs. George Blake and Everett of Berlin, N. H., were overnight guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brown Monday on their way home from Dixfield.

Albany—Waterford

William Green is spending the week with friends at Lisbon Falls.

A party from Waterford and Stoneham enjoyed the many attractions at the Orchard Sunday.

Arthur Curtis, who recently purchased the Lynchville schoolhouse, remodeled it into a nice dwelling house where the family reside.

The Norway Rattlers defeated the North Waterford ball team at South Bethel Sunday by the score of 5-0.

Arthur Millett and Morton Russell are helping Merrill Sawin with his hayhar.

Roy Lord was in Lisbon Monday to consult a doctor, as he is in poor health.

Donald Brown is patrolling the road for Roy Lord.

Ernest Brown bought some grass of M. N. Sawin, which he is cutting.

MILTON

Mr. and Mrs. Llewellyn Buck, Jr., visited at his father's, E. L. Buck's, one day last week.

Mrs. Sadie Mercereau visited at Edith Jackson's one day last week.

Several from this way attended the drama, at Bryant Pond last Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Billings had a tent and sold ice cream and hot dogs at Bridgton Fair.

The farmers are all nearly done haying. There seems to be a large amount of hay this season.

Mrs. Clara Riddon and Mrs. Dora Jackson of West Paris have been visiting at Clarence Jackson's.

Vern Jackson spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. Francis Lapham.

Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Morse were at their home here Saturday night.

RUMFORD CORNER

Mrs. Clara Estee spent Sunday with Freeland Estes and family at Rumford.

Mrs. Murray Riney and baby boy returned to her home Wednesday.

Leslie White and to West Hallowden Sunday. Percy White returned with him.

Mrs. Lloyd Farrer and baby returned to her home Sunday.

Richard Marston and wife of South Paris were at Lloyd Farrer's Sunday.

Carl Heath and family were calling on friends here recently.

F. J. Lord went to Paris Monday.



Stops Headache in Five Minutes

A Wonderful Formula Ends Aches and Pains Almost Like Magic—Something Better and Safer—Thousands of men and women are now stopping throbbing, sick, dizzy, splitting headaches, as well as the excruciating pains of rheumatism, neuritis, toothache, etc., with a new and safe formula that is said to be far superior to anything heretofore used.

It contains no aspirin, acetanilid, etc., and is absolutely safe and harmless. This remarkable formula, called A-Y-O-L, is being prescribed by thousands of doctors, dentists and welfare nurses because of the quick, efficient way it relieves all types of aches and pains without depressing the heart, or causing any other harmful effects. A-Y-O-L quickly stops the most severe pain, leaving the patient refreshed and feeling fine. Especially effective in women's period pains.

To quickly prove to yourself that this is truly a remarkable formula, just stop into your nearest drug store and get a package of A-Y-O-L for a few cents. Take a couple of tablets right there. If your pain is not gone in five minutes, the clerk will return your money.

If YOU ARE PARTICULAR See Our Work—Get Our Prices

- | | |
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| Letterheads | Order Books |
| Billheads | Sealing Tape |
| Statements | Engraved Cards |
| Envelopes | Posters |
| Calling Cards | Tickets |
| Announcements | Booklets |
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WHY SEND AWAY?

**The Oxford County Citizen
Bethel, Maine**

Classified Advertising

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 35 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents. Each word more than 25, one cent per word per week. All changes of copy after first insertion will be considered a new advertisement and charged accordingly.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Dry Mountain Cord Wood, delivered. Price right. Order early. WARREN G. BLAKE, Tel. 23-3. 20p

FOR SALE—1920 Hudson Brougham—First class condition. Run 15,000 miles. Will sell cheap. Inquire at Citizen Office. 10p

FOR SALE—Fitted Hard Wood, 112 cord. Blakes and adglings 16.00. Few good trades in second hand cars. Year Bean, Bethel. 241c

BOATS FOR SALE—Suitable for fishing or outboard motors. Leave or orders early. Be ready for the spring fishing. H. ALTON BACON, Bryant Pond, Maine. 60c

Miscellaneous

MRS. NELLIE L. BRACKETT—Teacher of Piano. Chapman St., Bethel, Maine. Telephone 106-22.

DR. H. S. HOUGHTON, Osteopathic Physician. Office hours in Bethel—Thursdays, all days. Call 14-5 for appointment. 141c

Guns, Rifles, Ammunition and Trappers' Supplies, bought, sold and exchanged. H. I. BEAN, For Buyer and Lumber Dealer, Bethel, Maine. 231c

GILEAD

Mrs. George Leighton is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Ira Cole, in Grey.

Miss Eleanor Leighton has returned to her home in Bethel, Maine, after spending several days with her aunt, Mrs. Samie Leighton.

Mrs. Helen Leighton has returned to her home in New Britain, Conn., after spending two weeks with her brother, C. P. Quimby, and family.

Mrs. Helen Leighton and daughter of Romney, N. H., are guests of her brother, Sherman Emery, and family.

Miss Elizabeth Leighton has gone to Lisbon to visit her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Wheeler.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Brown and daughter Janet of New York City were in town Monday visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. David Johnson of West Paris spent the week with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Bentley and daughter of Hartford, Conn., were recent visitors in town.

Attorney Winifred McLaughlin and sister, Miss Elizabeth McLaughlin, of Elm Street, L. I. N. Y., who have been visiting their brother, Joseph McLaughlin, left Monday. They went to Groton, N. H., where they will spend several days at Marshall's camp.

Edward Holden was a business visitor to Bethel Saturday.

Joseph Nadeau and family and Miss Anne Little were visitors in Bethel, N. H. Friday.

Anna Fraser and daughter, Janet, returned home Sunday from Springfield, Maine, after spending several days with his daughter, Mrs. Vera Granville.

Chester Potter of Crystal, N. H., was a business visitor in town last week.

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Dreaded Hold-Up Fizzled

By FRANCIS T. McCUTCHEN
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BILLY and Barbara had started their married life in Collingswood a year ago. In these short months Billy had always spent his evenings with his wife.

When Billy came down to breakfast one morning he noticed that his wife was not bright and cheerful as usual. "What's the matter, dear," asked Billy.

"Oh, nothing much," said his wife. "I'm a little nervous and unstrung. You know, Billy, this will be the first night since our marriage that we have been parted."

"I know, honey. But I'll be back for dinner tomorrow evening. And you will be laughing at your fear."

That evening just as Barbara had brought in some logs for the grate, the door bell rang. Her heart was thumping a heavy tattoo as she answered the summons.

"Good evening. Is Mr. Graham at home?"

"He's out of town."

"The man turned sharply on his heel. 'Is there something I can do for you?'"

"No, I guess not, thanks." The visitor was almost down the steps. "When'll he be back?"

"Tomorrow evening," Barbara closed the door.

I wonder if that fellow knew that I was alone, thought Barbara. His voice sounded harsh. The thud of his heavy feet paused—suddenly, it seemed to her alert ears. Silence. She peered back and forth nervously. Again and again she found her eyes straying to the window. She listened. Silence outside save for the whisper of the wind that sang a mournful song in the chimney pipe and the patter of rain drops from the eaves.

Then she had to go to bed and go to sleep. She tried to go to sleep. She tried to go to sleep. She tried to go to sleep.

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WEST PARIS

Mrs. Linden Bartlett of Bethel was the guest Friday of her aunt, Mrs. Clara Dunham.

Recent guests at Mrs. Clara Dunham's have been Mrs. Alpheus Andrews and Beatrice Andrews of North Paris; Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Andrews, Miss Minnie Stevens, and Bernice Cleaves of Portland; Mrs. Morton Woodsum and son Hubert of Mechanic Falls.

West Paris Grange will present the following program at its regular meeting:

Song. Favorite Poem. Grange. The book I have read that had the most influence on my life.

Discussion. Why should the Grange interest itself in Public Affairs? Surprises for the Brothers.

Children's Day Saturday at West Paris Grange was observed by a program consisting of songs, a piano solo, vocal solo, and tableau showing old fashioned hats. Games were played and ice cream was served.

Bonnie Bane has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Walter Corbett, at Higgin's Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Noyes, son Donald, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Dunham and Mrs. Foss were Sunday visitors at Alton Day's, Oxford.

Mrs. Fannie Lovejoy of Bethel is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Emma Berry.

Isabel Coroy of Norway is spending the week with Glendine Ring.

Walter Ring was a visitor at the home of his brother, John Ring, of Greenwood on Sunday.

Valentine Oja has purchased the Bowker place at Trap Corner. Mr. Oja left his entire set of buildings on Young Hill, Greenwood, by fire on Saturday, August 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Linwood Buck are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter on Wednesday, August 5, who has been named Virginia Payne.

Miss Ruth Tucker has been quite ill during the past week.

Mattison E. Williams, Jr., has returned home from Ocean Park, where he has been attending a school of religious education. During his stay he enjoyed a ride in an airplane.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Williams and Miss Geraldine Williams were at Ocean Park to bring the son home, and H. L. Patch motored with them to Old Orchard to see his daughter Mary Elizabeth.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Haines and Murray spent a few days in Boston last week with relatives, and Pauline Young, who had been visiting there, returned home with them.

Mrs. Maynard T. Chase is making good recovery from surgery at the Central Maine General Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Abbott of Lincoln and Miss Sybil Abbott of Washington, D. C., were Sunday callers at Mrs. Clara Hildon's.

BRYANT POND

Woodstock Farm Bureau met at Grange Hall, Aug. 4, with a good attendance. The subject was Preparation of Fruit. Miss Dora Colony, H. D. A., and Miss Theresa Wood, Food Specialist, were present. Under the direction of Miss Wood, blushing apples, apple, pineapple and cabbage, were prepared and served at noon with white and dark bread and butter. Fruit sauce was made and served on sponge cake for dessert. A special meeting was appointed Aug. 27 on Basketry.

The P. T. A. Field Day last Saturday was a success and quite a sum was realized.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Howard Judkins, Sherman and Eugene Ordway were at home from Farmachenee for a few days. They went back Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Cummings and son Harold and friend, and daughter Erna, of Watertown, Mass., are spending their vacation at Camp Cole.

Mrs. Myra Cole has gone to Rumford for a week, the guest of Mrs. Ella Duxell.

Born

In East Bethel, Aug. 10, to the wife of Carroll Curtis, a daughter.

In West Paris, Aug. 5, to the wife of Linwood Buck, a daughter, Virginia Payne.

In South Paris, Aug. 5, to the wife of Rev. George Ault, a daughter, Ruth Elaine.

In West Bethel, Aug. 2, to the wife of Clyde Hall, a daughter, Ramona Arlene.

Married

In Rumford, Aug. 3, by Rev. Fr. P. J. Holen, Arthur Henry and Miss Ora LaBriere, both of Rumford.

In South Paris, Aug. 2, by Rev. Hessel H. Colby, Warren P. Knightly of Norway and Miss Phyllis Mae Edwards of South Paris.

Died

In Canton, Aug. 8, Alphonso W. Ellis.

In Rumford, Aug. 6, Clyde Davis Conrad of Middleville, aged 5 years.

In Lewiston, Aug. 4, Donald H. son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Ross of Norway, aged 5 years.

In East Waterford, Aug. 1, Cyrus Rolfe, formerly of Albany, aged 22 years.

CHURCH ACTIVITIES

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
L. A. Edwards, Pastor

10:45. Morning Worship. Sermon by the Pastor.

If there were an open cesspool in the Park and disease were spreading among our people as a result of it, what would you do about it?

If it were diphtheria or typhoid we should advocate inoculation at once; but what about filling up the cesspool?

Last year there was an unsightly tree in the Park. We might have reduced its ugliness by telling everyone who passed it to break off a branch, and carry it away; but I am sure that you will agree that the better way was adopted. It was uprooted and carted away and now green grass grows in its place.

Of what value is the religion of Jesus to Bethel? How do our Ministers compare with the Prophets of Israel? Is there striking resemblance between the present day Laymen and the members of the First Church of Corinth?

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY

Chapman Street
Sunday School at 10 o'clock.
Services Sunday morning at 10:45. Subject of the lesson sermon, Soul.

Wednesday testimonial meeting at 7:30 P. M.

Why Extent of Surface

Affects Pile of Coal

The bureau of mines says that the heating of coal is believed to be a surface phenomenon. If a ton of bituminous coal could be delivered in a single cube, each dimension of the cube would be about 2.8 feet. When coal heats it is due to something that goes on with respect to the surface, and not something that happens inside of the pile. So far as is known, this is true no matter how finely the pile is divided. It is, therefore, interesting to know the area of the total exposed surface in a ton of coal. If the cube, having originally an area of about 47 square feet, be continuously subdivided until all the pieces are fine enough just to pass through a 10-mesh screen, the area of exposed surface in one ton of coal becomes an acre. It is perfectly obvious from this why it is that trouble from spontaneous combustion increases in line with the extent of surface. The increase in extent of surface does not begin until one gets below 1 1/2 inch, or not size. If fine coal is kept out of the pile, the heating surface is relatively so small as to remove the cause of spontaneous combustion.

WET

Variation in the Color of Ocean Water

The main reason why the sea is such a beautifully clear blue on bright, sunny days is that it reflects the color of the sky; on a dull day you may find that the blue sea appears largely to have lost its color, and to have assumed a grayish tinge. Still, there is always a certain bluish color about sea water, and recent investigations have shown why this is so.

When you take a glass of water from a fountain or from a well, you can see at once that there is a slight difference between the color of this water and that which comes from the fresh-water tap. Chemists who have gone into the question believe that the blue tint is due to the presence of copper salts. Copper is a great producer of blue colors. Place the finest piece in the fire, and in a few moments you will see brilliant blue flames. Some of the copper salts again are deep blue in color.

Copper is known to exist in sea water, for it is washed out of the land and brought down to the sea by rivers. The salts which give the sea its blue color seem to be chiefly compounds of ammonia, in which sea water is very rich, and of copper. Ammonia is present owing to the decomposition of the dead bodies of countless millions of sea creatures.

Why Surf "Breaks"

Popularly but wrongly breakage of the surf is ascribed to friction against the bottom, whereby the upper part of the advancing wave is caused to fall forward. It is properly explained, however, as the result of the increasing height of the advancing wave (this being due to the transmission of the wave energy through a shallowing body of water) and of the decreasing volume of water toward the shore with which the growing wave is to be built up. When the supply is insufficient, the wave form cannot be propagated forward, and then the wave crest falls over.

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Archery Record

The National Archery association of the United States says that the last night shoot record made by shooting an arrow with a longbow (wooden bow) is 424 yards 2 feet 8 inches. This was made by L. L. Dailey of Monmouth, Ore., at the annual tournament of the National Archery association held in Chicago, Ill., August 12 to 15, 1929.

There is a report that in 1914 one Tom Simon made a night shoot in England of 424 yards 2 feet 8 inches. In making this shot, however, he used a Turkish composite bow instead of the longbow and, so far as we know, Mr. Dailey's shot, as given above, is a world record for a wooden bow.—Washington Star

The Adult Poultry tour held Friday at Oxford County. Poultry sent from all parts including Andover, Me., in the extreme North and Porter in the East.

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